

ATTACHMENT 1

Webster's II

New College Dictionary

THIRD EDITION



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resilience ■ respect

sition or shape after having been stretched or pressed.
re-sil-i-ence (rĭ-zil'yan-s) *also* **re-sil-i-en-cy** (-yən-sē) *n.* 1. Ability to recover rapidly from illness, change, or misfortune: **BUOYANCY**. 2. The property of a material that enables it to regain its original shape or position after being bent, stretched, or compressed: **ELASTICITY**.
re-sil-i-ent *adj.* —**re-sil-i-ent-ly** *adv.*

res-in (rĕz'in) *n.* [ME < OFr. *resine* < Lat. *resina*.] 1. Any of numerous clear to translucent yellow or brown solid or semisolid viscous substances of plant origin, as copal, rosin, and amber, used chiefly in lacquers, varnishes, inks, adhesives, synthetic plastics, and pharmaceuticals. 2. Any of numerous physically similar polymerized synthetics or chemically modified natural resins including thermoplastic materials, as polyvinyl, polystyrene, and polyethylene, and thermosetting materials, as polyesters, epoxies, and silicones, that are used with fillers, stabilizers, pigments, and other components to form plastics. —*vt.* **-ined, -in-ing, -ins** To treat or rub with resin. —**res-in-ous** (rĕz'ə-nəs) *adj.*

res-in-ate (rĕz'ə-nāt') *vt.* **-at-ed, -at-ing, -ates** To impregnate, permeate, or flavor with resin.

resin canal *n.* A tubular intercellular space with resin-secreting cells, often found in gymnosperms.

res-in-if-er-ous (rĕz'ə-nī'f-er-əs) *adj.* Yielding resin.

res-in-oid (rĕz'ə-noid') *adj.* Typical of, relating to, or containing resin.
—n. A resinoid synthetic, esp. a thermosetting resin.

re-sist (rĭ-zist') *v.* **-sist-ed, -sist-ing, -sists** [ME *resistere* < Lat. *resistere*: *re-*, against + *sistere*, to place.] —*vt.* 1a. To oppose actively. b. To oppose with force. 2. To remain firm in opposing the action or effect of: **WITHSTAND**. 3. To refrain from giving in to or enjoying <resisted all affection> —*vi.* To offer resistance. —*n.* A substance that can coat and protect a surface, as from corrosion. —**re-sist'er** *n.*

♦ **synonyms:** **RESIST, FIGHT, WITHSTAND** *v.* **core meaning:** to oppose actively and with force <Rebels resisted the government troops>

re-sis-tance (rĭ-zis'tans) *n.* 1a. An act of resisting. b. Capacity to resist. 2. A force that tends to oppose or retard motion. 3. *Elect.* Opposition to electric current characteristic of a medium, substance, or circuit element. 4. An underground organization struggling for national liberation in a country under totalitarian control. 5. *Psychoanal.* A process in which the ego opposes the conscious recall of unpleasant experiences. —**re-sis'tant** *adj.*

re-sist-i-ble (rĭ-zis'tə-bal) *adj.* Capable of being resisted. —**re-sist'i-bil-i-ty** *n.* —**re-sist'i-bly** *adv.*

re-sis-tive (rĭ-zis'tiv) *adj.* Capable of, tending toward, or marked by resistance <a cat resistive to travel> —**re-sis'tive-ly** *adv.* —**re-sis'tive-ness** *n.*

re-sis-tiv-i-ty (rĕz'is-tiv'ī-tē) *n.* 1. Capacity for or tendency toward resistance. 2. *Elect.* The resistance per unit length of a substance with uniform cross section.

re-sist-less (rĭ-zist'lis) *adj.* 1. Incapable of being resisted: **IRRESISTIBLE**. 2. Unable to resist: **UNRESISTING**. —**re-sist'less-ly** *adv.* —**re-sist'less-ness** *n.*

re-sis-tor (rĭ-zis'tər) *n.* An electric circuit element used for providing resistance.

res-ju-di-ca-ta (rĕz'joo'dī-kā'ta) *also* **res ad ju-di-ca-ta** (rĕz'ə-joo'dī-) *n.* [Lat., thing decided.] *Law.* An adjudicated issue that cannot be litigated again.

re-sole (rĕ-sōl') *vt.* **-soled, -sol-ing, -soles** To put a new sole on (footwear).

re-sol-u-ble (rĭ-zōl'yə-bal) *adj.* [Lat. *resolubilis* < Lat. *resolvere*, to resolve.] Capable of being resolved. —**re-sol'u-bil-i-ty** *n.*

res-o-lute (rĕz'ə-lōot', rĕz'ə-lōot') *adj.* [Lat. *resolutus*, p. part. of *resolvere*, to resolve.] Marked by firmness or determination: **UNWAVERING**. —**res'o-lute-ly** *adv.* —**res'o-lute-ness** *n.*

res-o-lu-tion (rĕz'ə-lōō'shən) *n.* 1. Firm determination. 2. An act of resolving to do something. 3. A course of action determined or decided on. 4. A formal statement of a decision or expression of opinion put before or adopted by an assembly such as the US Congress. 5. Separation or reduction of something into its constituent parts <the prismatic resolution of sunlight into its spectral colors> 6. The fineness of detail that can be distinguished in an image, as on a computer screen or printout. 7. *Med.* Abatement or termination of an abnormal condition, as a fever or inflammation. 8. A decision of a court of law. 9. An explanation, as of a puzzle or problem: **SOLUTION**. 10. *Mus.* a. The progression of a dissonant tone or chord to a consonant tone or chord. b. The tone or chord to which such a progression is made.

re-solve (rĭ-zōlv') *v.* **-solved, -sol-v-ing, -solves** [ME *resolvere*, to dissolve < Lat. *resolvere*, to untie: *re-*, back + *solvere*, to untie.] —*vt.* 1. To make a firm decision about. 2. To cause (one) to arrive at a decision. 3. To decide or express by formal vote. 4. To change or con-sist. 5. To decide or express by formal vote. 6. To change or con-sist. 7. To bring to a usu. successful conclusion <resolve a dilemma> 8. *Med.* To cause reduction of (e.g., an inflammation). 9. *Mus.* To cause (a tone or chord) to progress from dissonance to consonance. 10. *Chem.* To separate (a racemic compound or mixture) into its opti-

components. 13. To melt or dissolve (something). 14. To separate (something) into constituent parts. —*vi.* 1. To make a decision or make a determination <resolve on a new policy> 2. To become separated or reduced to components. 3. *Mus.* To resolve. —*n.* 1. Steadfastness of purpose: **RESOLUTION**. 2. A formal resolution made by a body. —**re-solv'a-bil-i-ty**, **re-solv'a-ble-ness** *n.* —**re-solv'ed-ly** (zōl'vid-lē) *adv.* —**re-solv'er** *n.*

re-sol-vent (rĭ-zōl'vənt) *adj.* Causing or capable of causing dissolution into constituents: **SOLVENT**. —*n.* A solvent substance: **anti-inflammatory medicine**.

res-o-nance (rĕz'ə-nans) *n.* 1. The quality or state of being resonant. 2. *Physics.* a. The increase in amplitude of oscillation of a mechanical system due to a periodic force whose frequency is equal or very close to the natural undamped frequency. b. An unstable subatomic particle whose existence is inferred from a peak in the energy distribution of its decay products. 3. Intensification and prolongation of sound, esp. of a sound caused by sympathetic vibration. 4. *Med.* The sound of agnathic percussion of the normal chest. 5. *Chem.* The simultaneous structural forms that differ only in the distribution of electrons. 6. *Ling.* Intensification of vocal tones during passage by the air cavities of the mouth and nose. 7. Richness of sound, esp. in evoking an association or strong emotion.

res-o-nant (rĕz'ə-nənt) *adj.* [Lat. *resonans*, *resonans*, *resonare*, to resound.] 1. Producing or exhibiting resonance: **resonant**. 2. Having a lasting presence or effect: **enduring**. 3. Resulting from or as if from resonance <resonant of the past> —**res'o-nant-ly** *adv.*

♦ **synonyms:** **RESONANT, MELLOW, RESOUNDING, BRANT** *adj.* **core meaning:** having or producing a full, deep, or rich sound <a resonant baritone>

resonant circuit *n.* An electric circuit with inductance selected to produce a specified value of the natural frequency.

res-o-nate (rĕz'ə-nāt') *v.* **-nat-ed, -nat-ing, -nates** *resonant*. —*see* **RESONANCE**. —*vi.* 1. To exhibit or produce resonant effects. 2. To have a profound emotional effect that resonated with the audience. 3. To be in harmony. —*vt.* To subject to resonating.

res-o-na-tor (rĕz'ə-nā'tər) *n.* 1. A resonating system, chamber, or cavity with dimensions selected to all-nant oscillation of electromagnetic or acoustical frequencies. 2. *Electron.* A microwave-generating circuit containing such resonant chambers or cavities. 3. *Ele.* circuit.

re-sorb (rĕ-sōrb', -zōrb') *v.* **-sorbed, -sor-b-ing, -sorbs** To suck back: *re-*, back + *sorbere*, to suck up. —*vt.* 1. *Biol.* To break down or dissolve and assimilate (substance). —*vi.* To undergo resorption. —**re-sorp'tion** (-tshən) *n.*

res-or-cin-ol (rə-zōr'sā-nōl', -nōl') *also* **res-or-cin** [RES(IN) + ORC(HIL) + -IN + -OL.] A white crystalline solid, C₆H₄(OH)₂, for treating certain skin diseases and as a preservative, and pharmaceuticals.

re-sort (rĭ-zōrt') *vi.* **-sort-ed, -sort-ing, -sorts** [ME *resortir*, to go out again: *re-*, again + *sorti*, to go out.] To have recourse <The government resorted to military action> commonly or often: **REPAIR**. —*n.* 1. A place visited for relaxation or recreation <a ski resort> 2. A custom or gathering <a well-known place of resort> 3. A place to which one turns for aid or relief.

re-sound (rĭ-zōnd') *v.* **-sound-ed, -sound-ing, -sounds** [OFr. *resoner* < Lat. *resonare*: *re-*, again + *sonare*, to sound.] 1. To be filled with sound: **REVERBERATE**. 2. To sound loudly: **REVERBERATE**. 3. To sound loudly: **REVERBERATE**. —*vt.* 1. To send back (sound) loudly. 2. To proclaim widely: **CELEBRATE**. —**re-sound'ing-ly** *adv.*

re-source (rĕ-sōrs', -zōrs', rĭ-sōrs', -zōrs') *n.* [RESSOURCE < *ressourdre*, to rise again < Lat. *resurgere*, to rise.] 1. Something that can be looked to for aid. 2. An accessible supply that can be withdrawn. 3. An ability to handle a situation in a resourceful way. 4. Means that can be used profitably. 5. Available capital: **ASSETS**. 6. A way of spending money. —*adj.* Able to use the means at one's disposal to meet situations effectively. —**re-sourc'e-ful-ness** *n.*

♦ **synonyms:** **RESOURCEFUL, FERTILE, INGEGNER** *core meaning:* able to use the means at one's disposal effectively <an intelligent, resourceful negotiator> —**re-spect** (rĭ-spĕkt') *vt.* **-spect-ed, -spect-ing, -respect-** *re-*, back + *specere*, to look.] 1. To regard or estimate with respect. 2. To avoid violation